

CLAIMS

1. An interventional procedure simulation system, comprising a control unit and an
5 interface unit, said control unit communicating with said interface unit to simulate
handling of at least one instrument interfaced by said interface unit,
characterised in
that control unit comprises a database of vessels having hierarchy structure, each
vessel having a diameter and a stiffness, and said instrument being a tool expandable
10 in a simulated vessel, whereby when said tool is expanded, a geometry of said vessel
changes resulting in a fluid flow change.
2. The system of claim 1, wherein said simulated vessels are interconnected in a
15 hierarchical structure and said fluid flow change effects fluid flow changes in adjacent
simulated vessels.
3. The system of claim 1, wherein said instrument is a balloon, stent and/or a distal
protection tool.
- 20 4. The system of claim 1, wherein a vessel is realized by a tubular geometry and specific
stiffness.
5. The system of claim 1, wherein the vessels are realized by lesions having different
stiffness than the neighboring vessel parts.
- 25 6. The system of claim 1, wherein the system calculates a flow through the hierarchal
structure realized as a vessel-tree as a result of its geometry.
7. A method of simulating flow of a body fluid in an interventional procedure simulation
30 system, comprising a control unit and an interface unit, said control unit
communicating with said interface unit to simulate handling of at least one instrument
interfaced by said interface unit, the method comprising the steps of:
 - providing a database of vessels having hierarchy structure in said control unit,
wherein each vessel has a diameter and a stiffness,
 - 35 - providing said instrument as a tool expandable in a simulated vessel,

- and changing a geometry of said vessel resulting in a fluid flow change when said tool is expanded.
8. The method of claim 7, wherein the flow simulation is modeled as an electrical resistive network
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9. The method of claim 8, wherein potentials correspond to pressure, currents correspond to flow and electrical resistance corresponds to fluid resistance.
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10. The method of claim 9, wherein a top of the fluid network is realized in a left ventricle of a heart, and a bottom of the network is in veins connecting to a right atrium of the heart.
11. The method of claim 8, wherein flow calculation calculates recursively through a tree
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- until flow and pressure in all branches are solved.